

HATE SPEECH & FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ON ONLINE PLATFORMS

PUBLIC AWARENESS CAMPAIGNS & INTERNATIONAL PERSPECTIVES

KEY CONCEPTS

- Hate Speech → incites violence, hostility, discrimination
- Freedom of Information → essential democratic right
- Challenge: balance protection vs. censorship risks



PUBLIC AWARENESS CAMPAIGNS

- Media literacy for schools & youth
- NGO & civil society cooperation
- Social media counter-narratives
- EU «No Hate Speech» Movement best practice example



INTERNATIONAL PERSPECTIVES

- EU: AVMSD, Digital Services Act swift removal, transparency
- UN: Rabat Plan of Action, UN Hate Speech Strategy
- Council of Europe: Rec(2022)16 on hate speech
- Comparative:
 - Germany strict removal (NetzDG)
 - France Avia law (modified)
 - USA First Amendment, self-regulation



ARMENIA: CURRENT SITUATION

- No specific regulation of internet platforms
- Audiovisual Media Law (2020) → broadcasters and distributors only
- Hate speech online addressed via:
 - General law (incitement, discrimination)
 - Platform self-regulation (Facebook, YouTube)
 - NGO & donor-driven projects



ARMENIA: CHALLENGES

- Legal gap: no framework for online intermediaries
- Cross-border: most content hosted abroad
- Limited awareness: few campaigns, low media literacy
- Risk: future regulation must avoid censorship



ARMENIA: OPPORTUNITIES

- CEPA with EU → gradual approximation to EU standards
- Participation in Council of Europe / UNESCO projects
- Chance to build a balanced framework from scratch
- Use international best practices as guidance



CONCLUSION

- Hate speech is a global challenge → legal + societal response needed
- Awareness campaigns are key to prevention
- International experience offers tested models
- Armenia has a unique opportunity to adopt balanced solutions while preserving freedom of information





THANK YOU

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